# **Chapter 10: Magnetism**

### **Introduction to Magnetism**

- Lodestone (Fe<sub>3</sub>O<sub>4</sub>) was the first naturally found magnet, discovered in Magnesia (Asia Minor).
- Lodestone showed two key properties:
  - 1. Attraction to small pieces of iron.
  - 2. Alignment along a fixed direction when freely suspended.
- The term "magnet" is derived from Magnesia.

### **Magnetic Poles**

- **Like poles repel** (N–N or S–S).
- Unlike poles attract (N–S).

### **Induced Magnetism**

- Magnetic materials (like iron) can become temporarily magnetized when placed near or in contact with a magnet.
- The near end gets opposite polarity, while the far end gets similar polarity.

### **Magnetic Field**

- The space around a magnet where magnetic effects are experienced.
- Represented by **magnetic field lines** these are **vector quantities**.

#### **Properties of Magnetic Field Lines**

- 1. They are **closed and continuous** curves.
- 2. Outside the magnet, they go from North to South.
- 3. A **tangent** at any point gives the **direction of the magnetic field**.
- 4. Field lines never intersect.
- 5. **Stronger field near poles** (lines are crowded); **weaker** away from magnet (lines are far apart).
- 6. Parallel and equidistant lines indicate a uniform magnetic field.
- 7. They act like **stretched elastic strings**.

## Tarth's Magnetic Field

- Earth behaves like a **huge magnet**.
- Evidences:
  - 1. A freely suspended magnet aligns itself in geographic north-south direction.
  - 2. An **iron rod** buried along north-south becomes **magnetized**.
  - 3. **Neutral points** appear while plotting magnetic field lines.
  - 4. A magnetic needle makes different angles at different places on Earth.

### **Important Terms:**

- Magnetic Poles: Points where a needle becomes vertical.
- Magnetic Equator: Line joining places where needle is horizontal.

### **\*\*Neutral Points**

- Points where **two magnetic fields** (e.g., magnet + Earth's field) are **equal in magnitude but opposite in direction**.
- Net magnetic field = **zero** at a neutral point.
- A compass needle placed here can rest in any direction.